

TK'EMLÚPS TE SECWÉPEMC

CANNABIS LAW

2022



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T́KEMPLÚPS TE SECWÉPEMC CANNABIS LAW

WHEREAS T́kemplúps te Secwépemc has and maintains Aboriginal Title, Rights and interests to its Ancestral Lands, as evidenced by the Memorial;

AND WHEREAS T́kemplúps te Secwépemc has an inherent right to self-government which emanates from our people, culture and land and which is recognized and affirmed by section 35 of the *Constitution Act, 1982*;

AND WHEREAS The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action, affirm that all peoples have the right to self-determination, by virtue of which they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural determination, and that state parties to these instruments will promote the realization of and respect this right in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, which recognizes the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples;

AND WHEREAS Article 3 of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (“**UNDRIP**”) provides that Indigenous peoples have the right to self-determination and the right to freely pursue their economic, social, and cultural development;

AND WHEREAS Article 4 of UNDRIP provides that Indigenous peoples, in exercising their right to self-determination, have the right to autonomy or self-government in matters relating to their internal and local affairs, as well as ways and means for financing their autonomous functions;

AND WHEREAS Article 5 of UNDRIP provides that Indigenous peoples have the right to maintain and strengthen their distinct political, legal, economic, social and cultural institutions, while retaining their right to participate fully, if they so choose, in the political, economic, social and cultural life of the State;

AND WHEREAS Article 21(1) of UNDRIP provides that Indigenous Peoples have the right, without discrimination, to the improvement of their economic and social conditions, including, inter alia, in the areas of education, economic development, employment, vocational training and retraining, housing, sanitation, health and social security;

AND WHEREAS as an aspect of its inherent right of self-government, T́kemplúps te Secwépemc has the jurisdiction to address issues such as the cultivation and sale of Cannabis on its Ancestral Lands, and deter and prevent illegal activities respecting Cannabis from taking place on its Ancestral Lands and this inherent right has not been, nor can it be, extinguished by any other level of government;

AND WHEREAS T́kemplúps te Secwépemc people have, since prior to contact with non-Indigenous peoples, traditionally traded and used Spét’sen (hemp) and Yi7út (cannabis) for various purposes;

AND WHEREAS T́kemplúps te Secwépemc is engaged in the revitalization and re-articulation of its legal order in areas that include governance and decision-making, lands and resources management, Yecwmíñmen, economic development, health and safety, cultural heritage, and intellectual property;

AND WHEREAS It is essential to the health and survival of Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc that it maintain its community through the passage of laws;

AND WHEREAS Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc Council (“**Council**”) is authorized to pass various laws and bylaws relating to Ancestral Lands including in relation to regulation of zoning, subdivision, business regulation and developments;

AND WHEREAS Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc has, or may in the future pass laws, regulations, or bylaws, pursuant to its inherent right to self-government and subject to this law, including under authority of other laws such as the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act*, the *First Nations Land Management Act* and the *Indian Act*;

AND WHEREAS the Council will align this Law with the First Nation Tax Commission’s *First Nation Cannabis Jurisdiction Proposal* and any changes to laws in the future that respect and acknowledge First Nations’ inherent rights to exercise jurisdiction over Cannabis regulation within their respective lands;

AND WHEREAS this Law is paramount and supersedes any Federal or Provincial laws or regulations respecting the cultivation or sale of Cannabis within, to and from the Ancestral Lands.

NOW THEREFORE this Law is enacted pursuant to the authority of the Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc Council’s duty to govern in the best interest of its community’s health and safety in the spirit of good governance.

1. NAME

This Law may be cited as the “*Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc Cannabis Law*”.

2. INTERPRETATION

2.1 For the purposes of this Law, unless otherwise stated, capitalized terms have the following meanings:

“**Ancestral Lands**” means Tíkemlúpssemcul’ecw, the unceded ancestral lands of Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc, including:

- (a) The lands presently under the control and jurisdiction of Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc including the lands held for the benefit of Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc by the Government of Canada;
- (b) any and all lands that may be added to the lands now under control and jurisdiction of the Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc through the negotiations and resolution of land claims;
- (c) any and all lands that may be added to the lands now under the control and jurisdiction of Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc as a result of any other means;
- (d) lands which are returned to Tíkemlúps te Secwépemc as lands within the meaning of subsection 91(24) of the *Constitution Act, 1867*;
- (e) the water and waterways under control and jurisdiction of Tíkemlúps te

Secwépemc; and

(f) lands that Tkemlúps te Secwépemc has not relinquished nor ceded.

“Approved Agent” means a person or persons approved by the Council or Cannabis Control Board to carry out any of the functions set forth in this Law or the regulations, on behalf of the Council or Cannabis Control Board;

“arms length” means having authority and responsibility to make the decisions and take the actions as provided for in this Law;

“Business” means carrying on, or the entity that carries on, a commercial or agricultural undertaking of any kind or nature, or the provision of professional, personal or other services for the purpose of gain or profit;

“Cannabis” means a plant that belongs to the genus *cannabis* and includes

- (a) any part of a cannabis plant, including the phytocannabinoids produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of whether that part has been processed or not, other than a part of the plant referred to below;
- (b) any substance or mixture of substances that contains or has on it any part of such a plant; and
- (c) any substance that is identical to any phytocannabinoid produced by, or found in, such a plant, regardless of how the substance was obtained;
- (d) but does not include:
 - (i) a non-viable seed of a cannabis plant;
 - (ii) a mature stalk, without any leaf, flower, seed or branch, of such a plant;
 - (iii) fiber derived from a stalk referenced above; and
 - (iv) the root or any part of the root of such a plant;

“Cannabis Act” means the *Cannabis Act*, S.C. 2018, c. 16 and any regulations passed pursuant thereto;

“Cannabis Control and Licensing Act” means the *Cannabis Control and Licensing Act*, SBC, 2018, c 29 and any regulations passed pursuant thereto;

“Cannabis Control Board” means the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Cannabis Control Board established under this Law;

“Council” means the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Chief and Council;

“cultivate” means to grow, propagate or harvest any cannabis plant or any other living thing from which cannabis may be extracted;

“cultivator” means the holder of a valid standard cultivation license or micro cultivation license;

“Development Approval Board” has the meaning set out in the Development Approval Process Bylaw;

“Development Approval Process Bylaw” means the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Development Approval Process Bylaw or any successor law, regulation, or bylaw;

“distribute” or **“distribution”** in respect of cannabis, means giving, transferring, transporting, sending, delivering, providing or otherwise making available in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, and includes offering to distribute;

“Dwelling Unit” means any house, apartment unit, condominium unit or other similar secure structure or unit thereof that is primarily used as a residence;

“Enforcement Officer” means any person or persons appointed by Council, from time to time, to administer and enforce the provisions of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Laws enacted by Council, and includes any delegate, the RCMP and any peace officer;

“First Nations Tax Commission” means the commission established pursuant to section 29 of the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act*, S.C. 2005, c. 9;

“First Nations Tax Commission First Nations Cannabis Jurisdiction Proposal” means the proposal developed by the First Nations Tax Commission in relation to First Nation Cannabis Jurisdiction;

“Health and Safety Committee” means the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Cannabis Health and Safety Committee established under this Law;

“Indian Act” means the *Indian Act*, RSC 1985, c I-5;

“individual” means single human being;

“Licence” means a license or authorization issued pursuant to this Law or its regulations to carry on any of the activities otherwise prohibited by this Law or its regulations;

“Memorial” means the Memorial to Sir Wilfred Laurier, Premier of the Dominion of Canada from the Chiefs of the Shuswap, Okanagan and Couteau Tribes of British Columbia, presented at Kamloops, B.C. on August 25, 1910;

“Members” means the members of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc;

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, partnership, not-for-profit society or corporation, unincorporated entity, and, except where stated otherwise, any person who is a Member of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc community;

“possess”, in respect of cannabis, means to have cannabis in a person's personal possession or knowingly have cannabis in the actual possession or custody of another person, or has cannabis in any place, whether or not that place belongs to or is occupied by the person, for the use of the person or of other another person;

“prescribed legal age” means the full age of 19 years old or such age as is provided in the regulations;

“process” in respect of cannabis means the production, packaging and labeling of the cannabis products;

“regulations” means any regulation enacted by the Council under this Law;

“sell or sale” means to transfer ownership in exchange for money or something of value an includes offer for sale, expose for sale and have it possession for sale;

“Taxation Office” means the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc Taxation Office; and

“Use”, in respect of cannabis means to smoke, vape, inhale, ingest, absorb or otherwise consume.

- 2.2 The headings of parts and sections in this Law have been inserted as a matter of convenience and for reference only and in no way define or limit any of its provisions.
- 2.3 In the event that all or any part of any section or sections of this Law is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such sections shall be severable, and the remaining portions or sections shall remain in full force and effect.

3. PURPOSE

The purposes of this Law are to:

- (a) protect the health and safety of Members and other persons within the Ancestral Lands and, in particular to protect the health of young persons by restricting their access and exposure to Cannabis and derivative products;
- (b) protect the jurisdictional integrity of the Ancestral Lands by ensuring mutual respect and cooperation in relation to jurisdiction, economic advancement, and enforcement of the Tkemlúps te Secwépemc's domestic affairs;
- (c) facilitate a regulated and controlled Cannabis industry that will promote and enhance socio-economic development, fiscal self-sufficiency, and tangible benefits for Tkemlúps te Secwépemc;
- (d) provide for the legal cultivation, processing, distribution, sale, possession, and use of quality-controlled cannabis within and from the Ancestral Lands; and

- (e) deter illicit and illegal activities in relation to Cannabis, including but not limited to:
 - (i) preventing Cannabis from being diverted into the illicit or illegal market
 - (ii) preventing illicit or illegal Cannabis from entering the source of supply of the legal Cannabis market through appropriate sanctions and enforcement measures.

4. JURISDICTION

- 4.1 Tkemlúps te Secwépemc, as part of the Secwépemc Nation, is and has always been a sovereign people, and has consistently and historically exercised ultimate and exclusive jurisdiction over its Ancestral Lands.
- 4.2 Tkemlúps te Secwépemc has existing, inherent, and inalienable rights which include the right of self-determination, self-government, and autonomy and the right to promote and control economic development with its Ancestral Lands.
- 4.3 The aforementioned rights of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc have been recognized and affirmed in the domestic laws of Canada, including the *Constitution Act, 1982*, the *United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act*, SC 2021, c 14., the *Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Act*, SBC 2019, c 44, and other federal and provincial legislation applicable in the Province of British Columbia.
- 4.4 The aforementioned rights of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc as an Indigenous people have been recognized and affirmed in international covenants and declarations, including the *International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights*, the *International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights* and UNDRIP.
- 4.5 As cultivation, processing, distribution, sale, possession, and use of Cannabis has a significant impact on socio-economic development within the Ancestral Lands, Council has the ultimate and exclusive right and jurisdiction to regulate and control Cannabis within its Ancestral Lands.
- 4.6 Given that jurisdictions surrounding the Ancestral Lands are creating legislation that directly impacts the well-being of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc's community, the Council has the obligation to regulate and control cannabis in a way that protects and preserves the best interests of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc.
- 4.7 The Council, as a governing body in and for the Ancestral Lands, has the power and authority to enact this Law on behalf of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc.

5. APPLICATION

- 4.1 This Law applies to:
 - (a) all activities related to the cultivation, processing, distribution, sale, possession and use of Cannabis within, into and from the Ancestral Lands; and

(b) all Persons and Businesses situations or found within the Ancestral Lands.

4.2 The provisions of this Law apply to the whole area of the Ancestral Lands.

4.3 Laws of general application will continue to apply to the extent that they are not inconsistent with this Law or the regulations.

6. PARAMOUNTCY OF LAW

6.1 Through the enactment, application and enforcement of this Law and its regulations, Council is exercising its inherent jurisdiction in respect of Cannabis legislation and regulation within the Ancestral Lands to the exclusion of the Federal and Provincial governments of Canada.

7. COOPERATION

7.1 To ensure the purposes of this Law and the regulations are fully realized, the Cannabis Control Board will liaise regularly and cooperate with the Health and Safety Committee and any other appropriate agencies.

8. HARMONIZATION

8.1 This Law may serve as the basis for the harmonization of laws and regulations concerning Cannabis in other jurisdictions and for cooperation and mutual assistance between the Cannabis Control Board and other First Nations and other regulatory and law enforcement agencies. However, this law and the regulations are not dependent on the approval of, or cooperation from, any other governmental body or agency.

8.2 For greater certainty, the foregoing section 8.1 is not intended to, and does not in fact, affect, compromise or diminish the authority of the Council, the Cannabis Control Board, any Approved Agent or Enforcement Officer authorized by Council, or any other regulatory or law enforcement agency empowered under Tkemlúps te Secwépemc laws, regulations, or bylaws.

9. PROHIBITIONS

9.1 **No Person shall** produce, cultivate, propagate, harvest, process, consume, sell, smoke or vape Cannabis or carry out any Business related to Cannabis, within, to or from the Ancestral Lands, except in accordance with:

(a) this Law;

(b) the regulations;

(c) all other applicable Tkemlúps te Secwépemc laws, regulations, and bylaws;

(d) the standards related to health and safety provided by the Cannabis Act;

(e) the standards related to health and safety provided by the Cannabis

Control and Licensing Act; and

- (f) in relation to any Business, unless specifically exempted under this Law or one of the above laws or regulations, a Licence or written authorization issued by the Cannabis Control Board or passed by a resolution of the Council.

10. EXEMPTIONS

- 10.1 An individual may cultivate up to four Cannabis plants per Dwelling Unit for personal use at their Dwelling Unit in accordance with the requirements of the Cannabis Act, the Cannabis Control and Licensing Act, and Tkemlúps te Secwépemc laws, regulations, bylaws, and policies.

11. CANNABIS CONTROL BOARD

- 11.1 The Council may delegate certain of its powers under this Law to the Cannabis Control Board for the purpose of regulating, enforcing and administering this Law and the regulations. For greater certainty, the Cannabis Control Board will not be a public policy-making body.
- 11.2 The Cannabis Control Board will administer this Law in the best interests of Tkemlúps te Secwépemc and in accordance with the highest principles of health, safety, security, honesty and integrity.
- 11.3 In addition to any other duties and responsibilities that may be provided to it in this Law, the Cannabis Control Board will have the power to:
 - (a) issue, suspend and revoke the Licences provided in this Law and the regulations;
 - (b) regulate, monitor and inspect all the premises and activities of Licence holders;
 - (c) communicate regularly with the Health and Safety Committee; and
 - (d) make any decision and take any action as is necessary to fulfill its purposes under this Law and the regulations.
- 11.4 The Cannabis Control Board will be accountable to, but will function at arm's length from, the Council.
- 11.5 The Council will set out terms of reference to provide specific details on the operation of the Cannabis Control Board, including but not limited to the process for meetings, remuneration of members of the board, and reporting requirements.
- 11.6 Until such time as the Cannabis Control Board is established, the Council will retain all powers delegated to the Cannabis Control Board hereunder.

12. HEALTH & SAFETY COMMITTEE

- 12.1 The Council may delegate certain of its powers under this Law to a Health and Safety Committee.
- 12.2 The Health and Safety Committee will on a continuing basis:
- (a) monitor the impacts of this Law and the regulations on the health and safety of the Members;
 - (b) make recommendations to Council or the Cannabis Control Board for amendments to the Law or the regulations that the committee finds appropriate to minimize the harms of Cannabis use within the Ancestral Lands.
- 12.3 The Health and Safety Committee will be accountable to, but will function at arm's length from, the Council.
- 12.4 The Council will set out terms of reference to provide specific details on the operation of the Health and Safety Committee, including but not limited to the process for meetings, remuneration of members of the committee, and reporting requirements.
- 12.5 Until such time as the Health and Safety Committee is established, the Council will retain all powers delegated to the Health and Safety Committee hereunder.

13. APPLICATIONS AND LICENCES

- 13.1 Every Person wishing to apply for a Licence or authorization to carry out an activity or use set out in section 9.1 which would otherwise be prohibited, shall pay the prescribed application fees and submit an application to the Cannabis Control Board and Development Approval Board with the following details:
- (a) the applicant's plans to comply with all applicable standards in relation to health and safety set out in the Cannabis Act and the Cannabis Control and Licensing Act;
 - (b) provision of a security plan for the premises that describes adequate security measures to mitigate risks of theft, theft by employees, unauthorized entry and other security risks at the premises;
 - (c) proof of a security alarm contract that includes regular monitoring at all times during the period for which the Licence or authorization is being sought;
 - (d) measures to contain or control odors;
 - (e) a criminal record check for:
 - (i) the applicant;
 - (ii) if the applicant is a corporation, each shareholder holding 20% or more of the shares of such corporation, and each officer and director;
 - (iii) if the applicant is a partnership, each partner, and if a partner is a corporation,

each shareholder holdings 50% of more of the shares of such corporation, and each officer and director of such corporate partner; and

(iv) each on-site manager.

13.2 Any Licence or authorization issued by Tkemlúps te Secwépemc under this Law shall include, at a minimum:

- (a) the premises authorized under the Licence and the exact area and site and structures in which the Business may be carried out;
- (b) the name or names of the approved Business operators, including the name of any incorporated entities and the name of the owner or manager responsible for the operations of the Business;
- (c) the contact information for the owner or manager including 24-hour emergency contact information;
- (d) for commercial cultivation, propagation or harvesting, the estimated number of Cannabis plants per month estimated to be cultivated, propagated or harvested;
- (e) for sales and related Business activities, the estimated number of grams of Cannabis product estimated to be stored and to be sold at the premises per month;
- (f) the security measures required for the Business;
- (g) the contact information for the third party provider of security alarm and fire alarm services;
- (h) the signage requirements and restrictions;
- (i) the measures required to prevent sales to minors;
- (j) the insurance requirements;
- (k) the required Licence fees;
- (l) the method by which sales will be tracked and reported to the Cannabis Control Board and Taxation Office on a quarterly basis;
- (m) a bond to cover any security, enforcement, or other costs if necessary; and
- (n) any other information or requirements prescribed by any Tkemlúps te Secwépemc law, regulation, bylaw or policy.

14. DEVELOPMENTS

14.1 In addition to any Licence required by this Law, any applicant wishing to develop land, construct a structure, or carry out any activity regulated under the Development Approval Process Bylaw, for which a development permit is required, must also apply under that bylaw for a development permit.

14.2 As soon as practicable after receiving the prescribed application fees and a complete application under this part or pursuant to specific Tkemlúps te Secwépemc law or regulations in relation thereto, the Development Approval Board shall review the application in accordance with the Development Approval Process Bylaw and shall provide recommendations to the Cannabis Control Board on:

- (a) whether the application should be approved or not (based on the development aspects of the application); and
- (b) Any suggested modifications, terms or conditions that should be set by the Cannabis Control Board in relation to the Licence.

15. PRINCIPLES AND FACTORS IN REVIEWING APPLICATIONS

15.1 For each application, the Cannabis Control Board shall consider the following general principles and factors:

- (a) the promotion of health, safety, convenience and welfare of Members and of residents and occupants and other persons who have a lawful interest in the Ancestral Lands;
- (b) safety and security;
- (c) well planned and orderly development of the Ancestral Lands;
- (d) compliance with Tkemlúps te Secwépemc laws, regulations, bylaws, and plans, and with relevant health and safety standards of Federal or Provincial laws and regulations;
- (e) environmental protection and enhancement;
- (f) provision of community benefits and revenues to Tkemlúps te Secwépemc;
- (g) compatibility with Tkemlúps te Secwépemc and Secwepemc culture;
- (h) protection of youth;
- (i) ensuring adequate parking, access and emergency access;
- (j) whether a bond should be required; and
- (k) any other relevant matter.

16. DECISIONS

16.1 After receiving the application and information set out in subsections above the Cannabis Control Board shall decide whether or not to:

- (a) Approve the application and issue a Licence;
- (b) Reject the application, or
- (c) Approve the application with any reasonable terms or conditions, including, but not limited to terms or conditions relating to the items set out in subsection 15.1.

17. LICENCE FEES

- 17.1 The Council or the Cannabis Control Board may set Licence application fees and annual Licence renewal fees for any Businesses for any of the activities in section 9.1 from time to time.

18. MANDATORY COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS

- 18.1 Unless the Council determines that the Licence is for the purpose of operating a socio-economic enterprise, in addition to any Licence fees prescribed by the Cannabis Control Board, Licence holders must remit to Tkemlúps te Secwépemc a mandatory community contribution fee, the amount and frequency of which will be determined by the Cannabis Control Board in consultation with the Council.
- 18.2 A Licence is not valid unless and until all mandatory community contributions have been paid in full.
- 18.3 Council will use the amounts of mandatory community contributions collected under this Law to help fund the operations of the Cannabis Control Board and Health and Safety Committee, and the implementation of this Law and its regulations.

19. OFFENCES, PENALTIES AND ENFORCEMENT

- 19.1 A breach of this Law or the regulations, if the breach is regulatory in nature, will be addressed by the Cannabis Control Board in accordance with the procedures established by the regulations and, if a finding of culpability is made, will be sanctioned in accordance with the provisions of the regulations, which sanctions may include, but are not limited to, the imposition of a fine and the suspension, amendment or revocation of a Licence.
- 19.2 Every Person violating any provision of this Law or the regulations, found culpable by the Cannabis Control Board, commits an offence punishable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) for each offence. A separate offence will be deemed to be committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.
- 19.3 Every Person who fails to comply with any order or notice issued by the Cannabis Control Board or Council, or their representative, or who allows a violation of this Law or its regulations to continue, contravenes this Law.
- 19.4 Every Person who fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a Licence or authorization issued by the Cannabis Control Board, or Council, or their representative, or who allows a violation of a Licence or authorization to continue, contravenes this Law.
- 19.5 Tkemlúps te Secwépemc may authorize an Enforcement Officer to issue a ticket or violation notice, or to impose a sanction or fine for contraventions of this Law.

- 19.6 A breach of the Law or regulations, if the breach is criminal in nature, may be referred to and investigated by the appropriate Enforcement Officers and, where appropriate, criminal proceedings will be initiated and adjudicated in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 19.7 Notwithstanding the foregoing, any individual under the prescribed legal age who is found to be in possession of cannabis or using Cannabis within the Ancestral Lands will not be subjected to criminal proceedings under this Law or any other applicable law, but will be provided the opportunity to attend a class or program established by the Health and Safety Committee, or by another organization identified by the Health and Safety Committee, for the purpose of educating young persons about the risks associated with Cannabis use.
- 19.8 In addition to any other applicable fine, penalty or remedy, the Cannabis Control Board, Development Approval Board, Council, or an Approved Agent may:
- (a) issue a stop work order to order any Person who has not received full and proper authorization under this Law to cease carrying out any activity, use or construction or any related activity or use;
 - (b) issue a stop work order to order any Person who fails to comply with the terms and conditions of a Licence or authorization issued by the Cannabis Control Board; or
 - (c) order any structures, works or installations carried out in violation of this Law to be removed within 30 days, failing which Council may order them to be removed at the expense of the Person who constructed or installed the structures, works or installations without proper authorization.
- 19.9 A stop work order imposed hereunder:
- (a) may be registered in court and enforced as a court order; and
 - (b) continues in force until the condition that led to it is remedied or until the activity that is the subject of the stop work order receives a Licence or authorization under this Law.

20. REGULATIONS

- 20.1 Council, or its Approved Agent, may:
- (a) enact any regulations necessary to implement this Law; and
 - (b) establish, correct, revise or update any application requirements, forms, fees, schedules, or other related processes or documentation which complement and support this Law.

21. COMING INTO FORCE

This Law shall come into force and effect on the date it is passed by a resolution of the Council.

BE IT KNOWN that this Law entitled *Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc Cannabis Law 2022* is hereby enacted by a quorum of Council at a duly convened Council of Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc held on the 17 day of October, 2022.

BY-LAW/POLICY READING & ADOPTION DATES

1st Reading the 8 day of August, 2022

2nd Reading the 8 day of August, 2022

3rd Reading the 17 day of October, 2022

Final presentation for signature the 17 day of October, 2022

This Law is hereby passed at a duly convened meeting of the Council of the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc the 17 day of October, 2022.

Being the majority of those members of the Council of the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc present. There are eight (8) Council members and a quorum of Council is four (4) members.

Number of members of the Council present at the meeting: 4.

This By-law/Policy comes into force on the day on which it is first published.


Voting in favour of this bylaw are the following members of the Council:

Kúkpi7 Rosanne Casimir

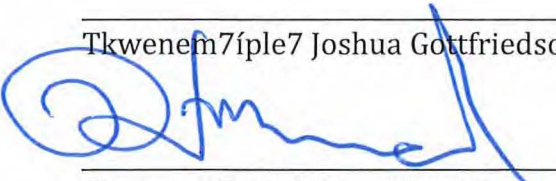


Tkwenem7íple7 Marie Baptiste

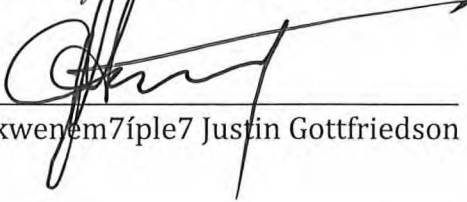
Tkwenem7íple7 Thomas Blank



Tkwenem7íple7 Nickole (Nikki) Fraser



Tkwenem7íple7 Joshua Gottfriedson



Tkwenem7íple7 Justin Gottfriedson

Tkwenem7íple7 Dave Manuel

Tkwenem7íple7 Morning-Star (Nicole) Peters